UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

FORM S-3 **REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933**

Nxt-ID, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 46-0678374

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

285 North Drive Suite D Melbourne, FL 32934 (203) 266-2103

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

National Corporate Research, Ltd. 615 South DuPont Highway **Dover. DE 19901** (800) 483-1140

(Name, address including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

With copies to: David E. Danovitch, Esg. Robinson Brog Leinwand Greene Genovese & Gluck P.C. 875 Third Avenue, 9th Floor New York, NY 10022 Tel: (212) 603-6300 Fax: (212) 956-2164

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: From time to time after the effective date of this registration statement.

If the only securities being registered on this Form are being offered pursuant to dividend or interest reinvestment plans, please check the following box.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or interest reinvestment plans, check the following box. b

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. \Box

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. \Box

If this Form is a registration statement pursuant to General Instruction I.D. or a post-effective amendment thereto that shall become effective upon filing with the Commission pursuant to Rule 462(e) under the Securities Act, check the following box. \Box

If this Form is a post-effective amendment to a registration statement filed pursuant to General Instruction I.D. filed to register additional securities or additional classes of securities pursuant to Rule 413(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box. \Box

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	þ
(Do not check if smaller repo	rting company)	Emerging growth company	þ

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

	Amount	Proposed Maximum Offering Pric		Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering		Amount of
Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered	Registered ⁽¹⁾	Per Share ⁽⁵⁾	2	Price ⁽⁵⁾	ł	Registration Fee
Common Stock underlying July Investor Warrants	1,800,000(2)	\$ 3.7) \$	6,6 [™] 60,000	\$	829.17
Common Stock underlying July Exchange Warrants	148,601(3)	\$ 3.7) \$	549,824	\$	68.45
Common Stock underlying November Investor Warrants	2,500,000(4)	\$ 3.7) \$	9,250,000	\$	1,151.63
Total	4,448,601	\$ 3.7) \$	16,459,824	\$	2,049.25

⁽¹⁾ All shares registered pursuant to this registration statement are to be offered by the selling stockholders. Pursuant to Rule 416 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), this registration statement also covers such indeterminate number of additional shares of the registrant's common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share (the "Common Stock") issued to prevent dilution resulting from stock splits, stock dividends or similar events.

- (2) Represents the maximum number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the July Investor Warrants (as defined below).
- (3) Represents the maximum number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the July Exchange Warrants (as defined below).
- (4) Represents the maximum number of shares of Common Stock initially issuable upon exercise of the November Investor Warrants (as defined below).
- (5) Estimated solely for purposes of calculating the amount of the registration fee in accordance with Rule 457(c) under the Securities Act based on the average of the high and low sales prices of the registrant's Common Stock on the NASDAQ Capital Market on January 3, 2018, which date is within five (5) business days of the filing of this registration statement.

The registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment that specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act or until this registration statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. These securities may not be sold until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

PROSPECTUS

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION

DATED JANUARY 5, 2018

4,448,601 Shares of Common Stock



Nxt-ID, Inc.

This prospectus relates to the offer and resale by the selling stockholders identified in this prospectus of up to an aggregate of 4,448,601 shares of our common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share (the "Common Stock"). The offered shares of Common Stock are issuable, or may in the future become issuable, with respect to: (i) the exercise of common stock purchase warrants (the "July Investor Warrants") issued in connection with that certain Securities Purchase Agreement, dated July 10, 2017 (the "July Purchase Agreement"), by and among the Company and the purchaser signatories thereto (the "July Investors"); (ii) the exercise of common stock purchase warrants (the "July Exchange Warrants") issued in connection with that certain Exchange Agreement, dated July 19, 2017 (the "July Exchange Agreement"), by and among the Company and the parties identified on Schedule A thereto (the "July Holders"); and (iii) the exercise of common stock purchase warrants (the "November Investor Warrants"); and together with the July Investor Warrants and the July Exchange Warrants, the "Warrants") issued in connection with that certain Securities Purchase Agreement"), by and among the Company and the purchase Agreement, dated November 9, 2017 (the "November Purchase Agreement"), by and among the Company and the purchase Agreement, dated November 9, 2017 (the "November Purchase Agreement"), by and among the Company and the purchase Agreement, dated November 9, 2017 (the "November Purchase Agreement"), by and among the Company and the purchase Agreement, dated November 9, 2017 (the "November Purchase Agreement"), by and among the Company and the purchase Agreement, dated November 9, 2017 (the "November Purchase Agreement"), by and among the Company and the purchaser signatories thereto (the "November Investors"). The July Investors, the July Holders, and the November Investors are herein referred to as the "selling stockholders". For additional information regarding the issuance of the Warrants, see "Issuance of Warrants."

The selling stockholders identified in this prospectus may offer the shares of Common Stock from time to time through public or private transactions at prevailing market prices or at privately negotiated prices. See "Plan of Distribution."

We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of the Common Stock by the selling stockholders. However, to the extent the Warrants are exercised for cash, as applicable, we will receive up to \$8,897,202.

We have agreed to pay certain expenses in connection with the registration of the shares of Common Stock. The selling stockholders will pay all brokerage expenses, fees, discounts and selling commissions, if any, in connection with the sale of the shares of Common Stock.

Our Common Stock is currently traded on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol "NXTD." On September 9, 2016, we effected a 1-for-10 reverse stock split of our outstanding Common Stock. Upon effectiveness of the reverse stock split, every 10 shares of outstanding Common Stock decreased to one share of Common Stock. The reverse split was retroactively applied to all shares and per share information for all periods presented throughout this prospectus. On January 3, 2018, the last reported sale price of our Common Stock as reported on the NASDAQ Capital Market was \$3.48 per share.

We are an "emerging growth company" as the term is used in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act") and, as such, have elected to comply with certain reduced public company reporting requirements for this and future filings.

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 5 to read about factors you should consider before investing in shares of our common stock.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is , 2018.

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus and any prospectus supplement. We and the selling stockholders have not authorized any other person to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. This prospectus is not an offer to sell securities, and it is not soliciting an offer to buy securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus or any prospectus supplement, as well as information we have previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and incorporated by reference, is accurate as of the date on the front of those documents only. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since those dates. This prospectus may not be used to consummate a sale of our securities unless it is accompanied by a prospectus supplement.

We further note that the representations, warranties and covenants made by us in any agreement that is filed as an exhibit to any document that is incorporated by reference in this prospectus were made solely for the benefit of the parties to such agreement, including, in some cases, for the purpose of allocating risk among the parties to such agreements, and should not be deemed to be a representation, warranty or covenant to you. Moreover, such representations, warranties or covenants were accurate only as of the date when made. Accordingly, such representations, warranties and covenants should not be relied on as accurately representing the current state of our affairs.

Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, references in this prospectus to the "Company," "Nxt," "Nxt-ID," "we," "us" or "our" refer to Nxt-ID, Inc.

On September 9, 2016, we effected a 1-for-10 reverse stock split of our outstanding Common Stock. Upon effectiveness of the reverse stock split, every 10 shares of outstanding common stock decreased to one share of common stock. The reverse split was retroactively applied to all shares and per share information for all periods presented throughout this prospectus.

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SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus, the applicable prospectus supplement and the information incorporated by reference in this prospectus contain various forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), which represent our expectations or beliefs concerning future events. Forward-looking statements include statements that are predictive in nature, which depend upon or refer to future events or conditions, and/or which include words such as "believes," "plans," "intends," "anticipates," "estimates," "expects," "may," "will" or similar expressions. In addition, any statements concerning future financial performance, ongoing strategies or prospects, and possible future actions, which may be provided by our management, are also forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and projections about future events and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and assumptions about our company, economic and market factors, and the industry in which we do business, among other things. These statements are not guarantees of future performance, and we undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, except as required by law. Actual events and results may differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in forward-looking statements to a number of factors. Factors that could cause our actual performance, future results and actions to differ materially from any forward-looking statements 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act. The forward-looking statements in this prospectus, the applicable prospectus supplement and the information incorporated by reference in this prospectus represent our views as of the date such statements are made. These forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as representing our views as of any date

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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights selected information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. This summary does not contain all the information you should consider before investing in our common stock. You should carefully read this entire prospectus, including "Risk Factors," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the consolidated financial statements before making a decision about whether to invest in our common stock. All references to "we," "us," "our," and the "Company" refer to Nxt-ID, Inc., unless we specifically state otherwise or the context indicates otherwise.

Our Company

We were incorporated in the state of Delaware on February 8, 2012. Nxt-ID is an emerging technology company engaged in the development of proprietary products, services and solutions for security that serve multiple end markets, including Security, Healthcare, Finance and Internet of Things ("IoT").

On June 25, 2012, the Company acquired 100% of the membership interests in 3D-ID LLC ("3D-ID"), a limited liability company formed in Florida in February 2011 and owned by the Company's founders. By acquiring 3D-ID, the Company gained the rights to a portfolio of patented technology in the field of three-dimensional facial recognition and imaging including 3D facial recognition products for access control, law enforcement and travel and immigration. 3D-ID was an early stage company engaged in the design, research and development, integration, analysis, modeling, system networking, sales and support of intelligent surveillance, three-dimensional facial recognition and three-dimensional imaging devices and systems primarily for identification and access control in the security industries. Since the Company's acquisition of 3D-ID was a transaction between entities under common control in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 805, "Business Combinations", Nxt-ID recognized the net assets of 3D-ID at their carrying amounts in the accounts of Nxt-ID on the date that 3D-ID was organized, February 14, 2011.

On July 25, 2016, we completed the acquisition of LogicMark, LLC ("LogicMark") pursuant to an Interest Purchase Agreement by and among the Company, LogicMark and the holders of all of the membership interests of LogicMark (the "LogicMark Sellers"), dated May 17, 2016 (the "Interest Purchase Agreement"). Pursuant to the Interest Purchase Agreement, we acquired all of the membership interests of LogicMark from the LogicMark Sellers for (i) \$17.5 million in cash consideration (ii) \$2.5 million in a secured promissory note (the "LogicMark Note") issued to LogicMark Investment Partners, LLC, as representative of the LogicMark Sellers (the "LogicMark Representative") (iii) 78,740 shares of common stock, which were issued upon signing of the Interest Purchase Agreement (the "LogicMark Shares"), and (iv) warrants (the "LogicMark Warrants,") to purchase an aggregate of 157,480 shares of common stock (the "LogicMark Warrant Shares") for no additional consideration. In addition, we may be required to pay the LogicMark Sellers earn-out payments of (i) up to \$1,500,000 for calendar year 2016 and (ii) up to \$5,000,000 for calendar year 2017 if LogicMark meets certain gross profit targets set forth in the Interest Purchase Agreement. The LogicMark Note originally was to mature on September 23, 2016 but was extended to July 15, 2017. The earn-out payment related to 2016 and the remaining balance owed on the LogicMark Note including accrued interest were both paid in July 2017.

On May 23, 2017, we completed a merger (the "Merger") pursuant to an executed Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") by and among the Company, Fit Merger Sub, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Merger Sub"), Fit Pay, Inc. ("Fit Pay"), Michael Orlando ("Orlando"), Giesecke & Devrient Mobile Security America, Inc. ("G&D"), the other stockholders of Fit Pay (the "Other Holders") and Michael Orlando in his capacity as stockholder representative representing the Other Holders (the "Stockholder Representative", and together with Orlando and G&D, the "Fit Pay Sellers"). In connection with the Merger, Fit Pay merged with and into the Merger Sub, with the Merger Sub continuing as the surviving entity and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

Pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement, the aggregate purchase price paid for Fit Pay was: (i) 19.96% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock; (ii) 2,000 shares of the Series C Preferred Stock; (iii) the payment of certain debts by the Company; and (iv) the payment of certain unpaid expenses by the Company. In addition, the Company will be required to pay the Sellers an earnout payment equal to 12.5% of the gross revenue derived from Fit Pay's technology for sixteen (16) fiscal quarters commencing on October 1, 2017 and ending on December 31, 2021.

In connection with the Fit Pay transaction, Orlando became our Chief Operating Officer and President of our new Fit Pay subsidiary effective as of May 23, 2017.

Our innovative MobileBio® security technologies that serve these end markets include encryption and payments, biometrics, security and privacy, sensors and miniaturization. Our core competencies and intellectual property in biometrics, security, sensors, and miniaturization – developed through intensive research and development over the past decade enable us to target and serve multiple large and growing end markets globally.



We believe that our MobileBio® products will provide distinct advantages within m-commerce market by improving mobile security. Currently, most mobile devices continue to be protected simply by PIN numbers. This security methodology is easily duplicated on another device, and can easily be spoofed or hacked. Our security paradigm is Dynamic Pairing Codes ("DPC"). DPC is a new, proprietary method to secure users, devices, accounts, locations and servers over any communication media by sharing key identifiers, including biometric-enabled identifiers, between end-points by passing dynamic pairing codes (random numbers) between end-points to establish sessions and/or transactions without exposing identifiers or keys. The ongoing high-level breaches of personal credit card data demand new securities to offer higher level of consumer protection through the use of biometrics and other proprietary solutions. Our strategic plan envisions using our core biometric facial and voice recognition algorithms to develop security applications (both cloud based and locally hosted) that can be used for companies (for industrial uses, such as enterprise computer networks) as well as individuals (for consumer uses, such as smartphones, tablets or personal computers), law enforcement, the defense industry, and the U.S. Department of Defense. Nxt-ID has numerous patents pending. Many of these patents pending focus on tokenization and protection, as well as payment methodology, voice biometrics, and other biometric forms of directed payment.

In healthcare, our business initiatives were bolstered by the acquisition of LogicMark, on July 25, 2016. LogicMark serves a market that enables two-way communication, sensors, biometrics and security to make home care for chronic medical conditions, including "aging in place," a reality. There are three major trends driving this market: (1) an aging population; (2) desire to "age in place"; and (3) the acute need to lower cost of care. These trends together have produced a large and growing market for us to serve. LogicMark has built a business around emergency communications in healthcare. We have a strong business with the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) today serving veterans who suffer from chronic conditions that often require emergency assistance. This business is steady and growing. Our strategic plan calls for expanding LogicMark's business into other retail and enterprise channels to better serve the expanding demand for secure and remote healthcare.

Remote healthcare, which includes health monitoring and management using IoT and cloud-based processing, is an emerging area for LogicMark. The longterm trend toward more home-based care is a massive shift that is being driven by demographics (an aging population) and basic economics. People also value autonomy and privacy which are important factors in determining which solutions will suit the market. Consumers are beginning to enjoy the benefits of smart home technologies and online digital assistants. One of the promising applications of our VoiceMatchTM technology is enabling secure commands for restricted medical access. This solution, when coupled with our BioCloudTM, combines biometrics with encryption and distributed access control.

Security and privacy concerns are already central to the adoption of IoT solutions that provides a large opportunity for the Company to collaborate and license its technology to the consumer-facing firms that are aggressively pursuing IoT opportunities.

In finance, the technology pioneered by our "Wocket" has continued to develop its range of capability while shrinking in size. This provides a technology package that can be integrated into a "smart wallet" that has the same or substantially similar technology as Apple Pay or into a card that can be used for a variety of transactions including – magnetic stripe emulation (Wi-Mag), Near Field Communication (NFC), tokens, barcode/QR codes and a Bluetooth Beacon for remote sensing and response applications. Versions of this technology package provide a functional and secure "vault" that allows for full consumer control and customization by OEMs and solution providers.

Our finance business is being driven by the development of an innovative smartcard that leverages "Wocket" technology. The smartcard is called "Flye" and it is being developed in our partnership with World-Ventures Holdings, LLC ("WVH"). Flye is poised to finally deliver on the smart card vision that appeared in videos years ago. Flye offers new and unique features compared to any other "smartcards" in the market. It handles the core functions such as loading in multiple cards, gathering loyalty points while opening – up new opportunities - for example the Bluetooth Beacon makes it simpler for service providers to automatically open doors, provide access, initiate requests among other things – all with software. Flye is targeted at WVH members who care about travel, food and entertainment. These concerns demand more than payments and include loyalty programs and security features for peace of mind when traveling. Flye is designed to work in synchrony with the WVH smartphone application. It is a "tethered" solution, albeit a wireless one. WVH has a comprehensive vision for its card that includes the ability to deliver a highly tailored membership experience.

With respect to IoT, the Company has joined the Cisco Solution Partner program to provide biometric and encryption solutions in conjunction with other ecosystem partners. Cisco sees security as integral to IoT. Cisco is integrating security directly into network infrastructure to enable companies to use their IoT networks in a secure fashion.

Our merger with FitPay has provided us with a proprietary technology platform that adds contactless payment capabilities to wearable and IoT devices with very little start-up time, investment in software development and instant access to the leading card networks. With payment capabilities powered by FitPay, IoT device manufacturers can create customer loyalty, tab into recurring revenue streams, open new markets, and differentiate their products in a competitive marketplace. FitPay's lead customer currently is Garmin International.

Our plan also anticipates that we will use our core biometric facial and voice recognition algorithms to develop security applications (both cloud based and locally hosted) that can be used for companies (for industrial uses, such as enterprise computer networks) as well as individuals (for consumer uses, such as smart phones, tablets or personal computers), law enforcement, the defense industry, and the U.S. Department of Defense.

Company Information

We are an "emerging growth company" as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, or JOBS Act. We will remain an emerging growth company for up to five years, or until the earliest of (i) the last day of the first fiscal year in which our annual gross revenue exceed \$1 billion, (ii) the date that we become a "large accelerated filer" as defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Exchange Act, which would occur if the market value of our Common Stock that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the last business day of our most recently completed second fiscal quarter or (iii) the date on which we have issued more than \$1 billion in non-convertible debt during the preceding three-year period. Pursuant to Section 102 of the JOBS Act, we have provided reduced executive compensation disclosure and have omitted a compensation discussion and analysis from this prospectus supplement. Pursuant to Section 107 of the JOBS Act, we have elected to utilize the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards.

Where you Can Find Us

Our principal executive offices are located at 285 North Drive, Suite D, Melbourne, Florida 32934, and our telephone number is (203) 266-2103. Our website address is *www.nxt-id.com*. The information contained therein or connected thereto shall not be deemed to be incorporated into this prospectus supplement. The information on our website is not part of this prospectus supplement.

The Offering

Common Stock Offered by the Selling Stockholders:	Up to 4,448,601 shares of Common Stock.
Common Stock Outstanding after offering (assuming exercise of all of the Warrants):	28,087,400 shares of Common Stock.
Terms of the Offering:	The selling stockholders will determine when and how they sell the Common Stock offered in this prospectus, as described in "Plan of Distribution."
Use of Proceeds:	We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of the shares of Common Stock being offered under this prospectus. However, to the extent the Warrants are exercised for cash, as applicable, we will receive up to \$8,897,202. See "Use of Proceeds."
NASDAQ Symbol:	Our Common Stock is listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol "NXTD".
Risk Factors:	You should read the "Risk Factors" section of this prospectus for a discussion of factors to carefully consider before deciding to invest in shares of our Common Stock.

Recent Developments

On November 13, 2017, we closed a registered direct offering of an aggregate of 2,941,177 shares (the "November Shares") of Common Stock. We sold the November Shares at a price of \$1.36 per share. We received gross proceeds from the offering, before deducting placement agent fees and other estimated offering expenses payable by us, of approximately \$4 million. Aegis Capital Corp. acted as the placement agent for the offering.

On November 13, 2017, we also closed a previously announced concurrent private placement for no additional consideration, of the November Investor Warrants to purchase 2,500,000 shares of Common Stock.

On December 19, 2017, and effective as of November 29, 2017, we entered into an agreement (the "Amendment Agreement") with the holders of the convertible notes and common stock purchase warrants issued pursuant to that certain Exchange Agreement, dated November 29, 2016, by and among the Company and such holders. Pursuant to the Amendment Agreement, the parties agreed to (i) amend the maturity dates of the convertible notes by one (1) year, or November 29, 2018, and (ii) that the holders would forbear the exercise of any remedies due to the passing of the original maturity date. In consideration thereof, the Company issued to the holders an aggregate of 370,000 shares of restricted Common Stock.

On December 26, 2017, we closed a registered direct offering of an aggregate of 1,750,000 shares (the "December Shares") of Common Stock. We sold the December Shares at a price of \$4.00 per share. We received gross proceeds from the offering, before deducting placement agent fees and other estimated offering expenses payable by us, of approximately \$7 million. Aegis Capital Corp. acted as the lead placement agent for the offering and Maxim Group LLC acted as a co-placement agent for the offering.

RISK FACTORS

Our business faces many risks and an investment in our securities involves significant risks. Prospective investors are strongly encouraged to consider carefully the risks described below, as well as other information contained herein, before investing in our securities. Investors are further advised that the risks described below may not be the only risks we face. Additional risks that we do not yet know of, or that we currently think are immaterial, may also negatively impact our business operations or financial results. If any of the events or circumstances described in this section occurs, our business, financial condition or results of operations could suffer. Prospective investors in our securities should consider the following risks before deciding whether to purchase our securities.

Risks Relating to the Company's Business

We are uncertain of our ability to generate sufficient revenue and profitability in the future.

We continue to develop and refine our business model, but we can provide no assurance that we will be able to generate a sufficient amount of revenue, from our business in order to achieve profitability. It is not possible for us to predict at this time the potential success of our business. The revenue and income potential of our proposed business and operations are currently unknown. If we cannot continue as a viable entity, you may lose some or all of your investment in our Company.

The Company is an emerging growth company and has incurred net losses of \$5,960,684 for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. As of September 30, 2017, the Company had cash and stockholders' equity of \$514,602 and \$6,835,893, respectively. At September 30, 2017, the Company had a working capital deficiency of \$6,322,182 (including contingent consideration of \$5,340,432). We cannot provide any assurance that we will be able to raise additional cash from equity financings, secure debt financing, and/or generate revenue from the sales of our products. If we are unable to secure additional capital, we may be required to curtail our research and development initiatives and take additional measures to reduce costs in order to conserve our cash in amounts sufficient to sustain operations and meet our obligations.

We and the businesses we have recently acquired or propose to acquire have limited operating histories and we cannot offer any assurance as to our future financial results, and you should not rely on the historical financial date included in this prospectus as an indicator of our future financial performance. You may lose your entire investment.

We and the businesses we have recently acquired or propose to acquire have limited operating histories upon which to base any assumption as to the likelihood that we will be successful in implementing our business plan, and we may not be able to generate significant revenues or achieve profitability. You should consider our business and prospects in light of the risks and difficulties we face with our limited operating history and should not rely on our past results or the past results of any of such businesses as an indication of our future performance. There is no assurance that the growth rate we or they have experienced to date will continue. Even if we generate future revenues sufficient to expand operations, increased infrastructure costs and cost of goods sold and marketing expenses could impair or prevent us from generating profitable returns. We recognize that if we are unable to generate significant revenues from our business development, we will not be able to earn profits or potentially continue operations. If we are unsuccessful in addressing these risks, our business will most likely fail.

If we fail to keep pace with changing industry technology and consumer preferences, we will be at a competitive disadvantage.

The industry segments in which we are operating are evolving rapidly. They are characterized by changing technology, budding industry standards, frequent new and enhanced product introductions, rapidly changing end-user/consumer preferences and product obsolescence. In order to continue to compete effectively in these markets, we need to respond quickly to technological changes and to understand their impact on our customers' preferences. It may take significant time and resources to respond to these technological changes. If we fail to keep pace with these changes, our business may suffer. Moreover, developments by others may render our technologies and intended products noncompetitive or obsolete, or we may be unable to keep pace with technological developments or other market factors. If any of our competitors implement new technologies before we are able to implement them, those competitors may be able to provide more effective products than ours. Any delay or failure in the introduction of new or enhanced products, could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. Furthermore, our inability to keep pace with changing industry technology and consumer preferences may cause our inventory to become obsolete at a rate faster than anticipated, which may result in our taking goodwill impairment charges in past or future acquisitions that negatively impact our results of operations.

We have made a significant acquisition in each of 2016 and 2017, and we may encounter difficulties in integrating these acquisitions and managing our growth, which would adversely affect our results of operations.

During 2016 and 2017, we completed the acquisitions of LogicMark and Fit Pay, respectively, and are considering other acquisitions to improve our position in market segments that we consider to be significant and strategic. We may be unable to integrate the operations of the acquired companies into our own in the manner we anticipated or at all, and such integration could be expensive. Moreover, this significant expansion of our operations could put significant strain on our management and our operational and financial resources. To manage future growth, we will need to hire, train, and manage additional employees, as well as properly integrate personnel from acquired businesses. Concurrent with expanding our operational and marketing capabilities, we will also need to increase our product development activities. We may not be able to support, financially or otherwise, future growth, or hire, train, motivate, and manage the required personnel. Our failure to manage growth effectively could limit our ability to achieve our goals.

Our ability to integrate our acquisitions and manage our growth will depend in part on the ability of our executive officers to continue to implement and improve our operational, management, information and financial control systems and to expand, train and manage our employee base, and particularly to attract, expand, train, manage and retain a sales force to market our products on acceptable terms. Our inability to manage growth effectively could cause us to fail to realize the anticipated benefits of our acquisitions or could cause our operating costs to grow at a faster pace than we currently anticipate, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Because we are an emerging growth company, we expect to incur significant additional operating losses.

The Company is an emerging growth company. The amount of future losses and when, if ever, we will achieve profitability are uncertain. Our current products have not generated significant commercial revenue for the Company and there can be no guarantee that we can generate sufficient revenues from the commercial sale of our products in the near future to fund our ongoing capital needs.

We have a limited operating history upon which you can gauge our ability to obtain profitability.

We have a limited operating history and our business and prospects must be considered in light of the risks and uncertainties to which emerging growth companies are exposed. We cannot provide assurances that our business strategy will be successful or that we will successfully address those risks and the risks described herein. Most important, if we are unable to secure future capital, we may be unable to continue our operations. We may incur losses on a quarterly or annual basis for a number of reasons, some of which may be outside our control.

If we cannot obtain additional capital required to finance our research and development efforts, our business may suffer and you may lose the value of your investment.

We may require additional funds to further execute our business plan and expand our business. If we are unable to obtain additional capital when needed, we may have to restructure our business or delay or abandon our development and expansion plans. If this occurs, you may lose part or all of your investment. We will have ongoing capital needs as we expand our business. If we raise additional funds through the sale of equity or convertible securities, your ownership percentage of our Common Stock will be reduced. In addition, these transactions may dilute the value of our Common Stock. We may have to issue securities that have rights, preferences and privileges senior to our Common Stock. The terms of any additional indebtedness may include restrictive financial and operating covenants that would limit our ability to compete and expand. There can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain the additional financing we may need to fund our business, or that such financing will be available on terms acceptable to us.



We face intense competition in our market, especially from larger, well-established companies, and we may lack sufficient financial or other resources to maintain or improve our competitive position.

A number of other companies engage in the business of developing applications for facial recognition for access control. The market for biometric security products is intensely competitive, and we expect competition to increase in the future from established competitors and new market entrants. Our current competitors include both emerging or developmental stage companies, such as ourselves, as well as larger companies. Many of our existing competitors have, and some of our potential competitors could have, substantial competitive advantages such as:

- Greater name recognition and longer operating histories;
- Larger sales and marketing budgets and resources;
- Broader distribution and established relationships with distribution partners and end-customers;
- Greater customer support resources;
- Greater resources to make acquisitions;
- Larger and more mature intellectual property portfolios; and
- Substantially greater financial, technical, and other resources.

In addition, some of our larger competitors have substantially broader product offerings and leverage their relationships based on other products or incorporate functionality into existing products to gain business in a manner that discourages users from purchasing our products, including through selling at zero or negative margins, product bundling, or closed technology platforms. Conditions in our market could change rapidly and significantly as a result of technological advancements, partnering by our competitors or continuing market consolidation. New start-up companies that innovate and large competitors that are making significant investments in research and development may invent similar or superior products and technologies that compete with our products and technology. Our current and potential competitors may also establish cooperative relationships among themselves or with third parties that may further enhance their resources.

Our markets are subject to technological change and our success depends on our ability to develop and introduce new products.

Each of the governmental and commercial markets for our products is characterized by:

- Changing technologies;
- Changing customer needs;
- Frequent new product introductions and enhancements;
- Increased integration with other functions; and
- Product obsolescence.

Our success will be dependent in part on the design and development of new products. To develop new products and designs for our target markets, we must develop, gain access to and use leading technologies in a cost-effective and timely manner and continue to expand our technical and design expertise. The product development process is time-consuming and costly, and there can be no assurance that product development will be successfully completed, that necessary regulatory clearances or approvals will be granted on a timely basis, or at all, or that the potential products will achieve market acceptance. Our failure to develop, obtain necessary regulatory clearances or approvals for, or successfully market potential new products could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Claims by others that we infringe their intellectual property rights could increase our expenses and delay the development of our business. As a result, our business and financial condition could be harmed.

Our industries are characterized by the existence of a large number of patents as well as frequent claims and related litigation regarding patent and other intellectual property rights. We cannot be certain that our products do not and will not infringe issued patents, patents that may be issued in the future, or other intellectual property rights of others.

We do not have the resources to conduct exhaustive patent searches to determine whether the technology used in our products infringe patents held by third parties. In addition, product development is inherently uncertain in a rapidly evolving technological environment in which there may be numerous patent applications pending, many of which are confidential when filed, with regard to similar technologies.

We may face claims by third parties that our products or technology infringe their patents or other intellectual property rights. Any claim of infringement could cause us to incur substantial costs defending against the claim, even if the claim is invalid, and could distract the attention of our management. If any of our products are found to violate third-party proprietary rights, we may be required to pay substantial damages. In addition, we may be required to re-engineer our products or obtain licenses from third parties to continue to offer our products. Any efforts to re-engineer our products or obtain licenses on commercially reasonable terms may not be successful, which would prevent us from selling our products, and, in any case, could substantially increase our costs and have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We may not be able to protect our intellectual property rights adequately.

Our ability to compete for government contracts is affected, in part, by our ability to protect our intellectual property rights. We rely on a combination of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, confidentiality procedures and non-disclosure and licensing arrangements to protect our intellectual property rights. Despite these efforts, we cannot be certain that the steps we take to protect our proprietary information will be adequate to prevent misappropriation of our technology or protect that proprietary information. The validity and breadth of claims in technology patents involve complex legal and factual questions and, therefore, may be highly uncertain. Nor can we assure you that, if challenged, our patents will be found to be valid or enforceable, or that the patents of others will not have an adverse effect on our ability to do business. In addition, the enforcement of laws protecting intellectual property may be inadequate to protect our technology and proprietary information.

We may not have the resources to assert or protect our rights to our patents and other intellectual property. Any litigation or proceedings relating to our intellectual property, whether or not meritorious, will be costly and may divert the efforts and attention of our management and technical personnel.

We also rely on other unpatented proprietary technology, trade secrets and know-how and no assurance can be given that others will not independently develop substantially equivalent proprietary technology, techniques or processes, that such technology or know-how will not be disclosed or that we can meaningfully protect our rights to such unpatented proprietary technology, trade secrets, or know-how. Although we intend to enter into non-disclosure agreements with our employees and consultants, there can be no assurance that such non-disclosure agreements will provide adequate protection for our trade secrets or other proprietary know-how.

Our success will depend, in part, on our ability to obtain new patents.

To date, we have applied for 25 United States patents, one of which has been awarded and our success will depend, in part, on our ability to obtain patent and trade secret protection for proprietary technology that we currently possess or that we may develop in the future. No assurance can be given that any pending or future patent applications will issue as patents, that the scope of any patent protection obtained will be sufficient to exclude competitors or provide competitive advantages to us, that any of our patents will be held valid if subsequently challenged or that others will not claim rights in or ownership of the patents and other proprietary rights held by us.

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Furthermore, there can be no assurance that our competitors have not or will not independently develop technology, processes or products that are substantially similar or superior to ours, or that they will not duplicate any of our products or design around any patents issued or that may be issued in the future to us. In addition, whether or not patents are issued to us, others may hold or receive patents which contain claims having a scope that covers products or processes developed by us.

We may not have the resources to adequately defend any patent infringement litigation or proceedings. Any such litigation or proceedings, whether or not determined in our favor or settled by us, is costly and may divert the efforts and attention of our management and technical personnel. In addition, we may be required to obtain licenses to patents or proprietary rights from third parties. There can be no assurance that such licenses will be available on acceptable terms if at all. If we do not obtain required licenses, we could encounter delays in product development or find that the development, manufacture or sale of products requiring such licenses could be foreclosed. Accordingly, challenges to our intellectual property, whether or not ultimately successful, could have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

We rely on a third party for licenses relating to a critical component of our technology. The failure of such licensor would materially and adversely affect our business and product offerings.

We currently license technology for a critical component of our current product offerings from a third party. The third party's independent registered public accounting firm included an explanatory paragraph in its audit report as it relates to the third party's ability to continue as a going concern in its recent financial statements. If our licensor were to fail, it could impact our license arrangement and impede our ability to further commercialize our technology. In the event we were to lose our license or our license were to be renegotiated as a result of our licensor's failure, our ability to manage our business would suffer and it would significantly harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

Our future success depends on the continued service of management, engineering and sales personnel and our ability to identify, hire and retain additional personnel.

Our success depends, to a significant extent, upon the efforts and abilities of members of senior management. We have entered into an employment agreement with our Chief Executive Officer, but have not entered into an employment agreement with our Chief Financial Officer or Chief Technology Officer, and we have no current plans to use employment agreements as a tool to attract and retain new hires of key personnel that we may make in the future. The loss of the services of one or more of our senior management or other key employees could adversely affect our business. We currently maintain a key person life insurance policy on our Chief Executive Officer only.

There is intense competition for qualified employees in our industry, particularly for highly skilled design, applications, engineering and sales people. We may not be able to continue to attract and retain developers, managers, or other qualified personnel necessary for the development of our business or to replace qualified individuals who may leave us at any time in the future. Our anticipated growth is expected to place increased demands on our resources, and will likely require the addition of new management and engineering staff as well as the development of additional expertise by existing management employees. If we lose the services of or fail to recruit engineers or other technical and management personnel, our business could be harmed.

The requirements of being a public company may strain our resources and divert management's attention.

As a public company, we are subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the Dodd-Frank Act and other applicable securities rules and regulations. Compliance with these rules and regulations will increase our legal and financial compliance costs, make some activities more difficult, time-consuming, or costly, and increase demand on our systems and resources. The Exchange Act requires, among other things, that we file annual and current reports with respect to our business and operating results.

As a result of disclosure of information in this annual report and in filings required of a public company, our business and financial condition is more visible, which we believe may result in threatened or actual litigation, including by competitors and other third parties. If such claims are successful, our business and operating results could be harmed, and even if the claims do not result in litigation or are resolved in our favor, these claims, and the time and resources necessary to resolve them, could divert resources of our management and harm our business and operating results.

Periods of rapid growth and expansion could place a significant strain on our resources, including our employee base, which could negatively impact our operating results.

We may experience periods of rapid growth and expansion, which may place significant strain and demands on our management, our operational and financial resources, customer operations, research and development, marketing and sales, administrative, and other resources. To manage our possible future growth effectively, we will be required to continue to improve our management, operational and financial systems. Future growth would also require us to successfully hire, train, motivate and manage our employees. In addition, our continued growth and the evolution of our business plan will require significant additional management, technical and administrative resources. If we are unable to manage our growth successfully we may not be able to effectively manage the growth and evolution of our current business and our operating results could suffer.

We depend on contract manufacturers, and our production and products could be harmed if it is unable to meet our volume and quality requirements and alternative sources are not available.

We rely on contract manufacturers to provide manufacturing services for our products. If these services become unavailable, we would be required to identify and enter into an agreement with a new contract manufacturer or take the manufacturing in-house. The loss of our contract manufacturers could significantly disrupt production as well as increase the cost of production, thereby increasing the prices of our products. These changes could have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

We are presently a small company with too limited resources and personnel to establish a comprehensive system of internal controls. If we fail to maintain an effective system of internal controls, we would not be able to accurately report our financial results on a timely basis or prevent fraud. As a result, current and potential stockholders could lose confidence in our financial reporting, which would harm our business and the trading price of our stock.

Effective internal controls are necessary for us to provide reliable financial reports and effectively prevent fraud. If we cannot provide reliable financial reports or prevent fraud, our brand and operating results would be harmed. We may in the future discover areas of our internal controls that need improvement. For example, because of size and limited resources, our external auditors may determine that we lack the personnel and infrastructure necessary to properly carry out an independent audit function. Although we believe that we have adequate internal controls for a company with our size and resources, we are not certain that the measures that we have in place will ensure that we implement and maintain adequate controls over our financial processes and reporting in the future. Any failure to implement required new or improved controls, or difficulties encountered in their implementation, would harm our operating results or cause us to fail to meet our reporting obligations. Inferior internal controls would also cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial information, which would have a negative effect on our company and, if a public market develops for our securities, the trading price of our stock.

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

As of September 30, 2017, we have identified certain matters that constituted a material weakness in our internal controls over financial reporting. Specifically, we have difficulty in accounting for complex accounting transactions due to an insufficient number of accounting personnel with experience in that area and limited segregation of duties within our accounting and financial reporting functions.

If we do not effectively manage changes in our business, these changes could place a significant strain on our management and operations.

Our ability to grow successfully requires an effective planning and management process. The expansion and growth of our business could place a significant strain on our management systems, infrastructure and other resources. To manage our growth successfully, we must continue to improve and expand our systems and infrastructure in a timely and efficient manner. Our controls, systems, procedures and resources may not be adequate to support a changing and growing company. If our management fails to respond effectively to changes and growth in our business, including acquisitions, this could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations and future prospects.

We are an emerging growth company within the meaning of the Securities Act, and if we decide to take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements applicable to emerging growth companies, our Common Stock could be less attractive to investors.

We are an "emerging growth company," as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act, or the JOBS Act. For as long as we continue to be an emerging growth company, we may take advantage of exemptions from various reporting requirements that are not applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies, including not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports and proxy statements and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and shareholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved. We could be an emerging growth company for up to five years, although we could lose that status sooner if our revenues exceed \$1 billion, if we issue more than \$1 billion in non-convertible debt in a three-year period, or if the market value of our Common Stock held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the last business day of our most recently completed second fiscal quarter, in which case we would no longer be an emerging growth company as of the following December 31. We cannot predict if investors will find our Common Stock less attractive because we may rely on these exemptions. If some investors find our Common Stock less attractive as a result, there may be a less active trading market for our Common Stock and our stock price may be more volatile.

Under the JOBS Act, emerging growth companies may also delay adopting new or revised accounting standards until such time as those standards apply to private companies. We have irrevocably elected not to avail ourselves of this exemption from new or revised accounting standards and, therefore, will be subject to the same new or revised accounting standards as other public companies that are not emerging growth companies.

We may not be able to access the equity or credit markets.

We face the risk that we may not be able to access various capital sources including investors, lenders, or suppliers. Failure to access the equity or credit markets from any of these sources could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations, and future prospects.

Persistent global economic trends could adversely affect our business, liquidity and financial results.

Although improving, persistent global economic conditions, particularly the scarcity of capital available to smaller businesses, could adversely affect us, primarily through limiting our access to capital and disrupting our clients' businesses. In addition, continuation or worsening of general market conditions in economies important to our businesses may adversely affect our clients' level of spending and ability to obtain financing, leading to us being unable to generate the levels of sales that we require. Current and continued disruption of financial markets could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations and future prospects.



We may seek or need to raise additional funds. Our ability to obtain financing for general corporate and commercial purposes or acquisitions depends on operating and financial performance, and is also subject to prevailing economic conditions and to financial, business and other factors beyond our control. The global credit markets and the financial services industry have been experiencing a period of unprecedented turmoil characterized by the bankruptcy, failure or sale of various financial institutions. An unprecedented level of intervention from the U.S. and other governments has been seen. As a result of such disruption, our ability to raise capital may be severely restricted and the cost of raising capital through such markets or privately may increase significantly at a time when we would like, or need, to do so. Either of these events could have an impact on our flexibility to fund our business operations, make capital expenditures, pursue additional expansion or acquisition opportunities, or make another discretionary use of cash and could adversely impact our financial results.

Although recent trends point to continuing improvements, there is still lingering volatility and uncertainty. A change or disruption in the global financial markets for any reason may cause consumers, businesses and governments to defer purchases in response to tighter credit, decreased cash availability and declining consumer confidence. Accordingly, demand for our products could decrease and differ materially from current expectations. Further, some of our customers may require substantial financing in order to fund their operations and make purchases from us. The inability of these customers to obtain sufficient credit to finance purchases of our products and meet their payment obligations to us or possible insolvencies of our customers could result in decreased customer demand, an impaired ability for us to collect on outstanding accounts receivable, significant delays in accounts receivable payments, and significant write-offs of accounts receivable, each of which could adversely impact our financial results.

Rising interest rates could adversely impact our business.

Changes in interest rates could have an adverse impact on our business by increasing our cost of capital. For example:

- rising interest rates would increase our cost of capital; and
- rising interest rates may negatively impact our ability to secure financing on favorable terms and may impact our ability to provide cost-effective financing to our end-customers or end-users, where applicable.

Rising interest rates could generally harm our business and financial condition.

Risks Related to our Securities

Our insiders and affiliated parties beneficially own a significant portion of our stock.

As of the date of this prospectus, our executive officers, directors, and affiliated parties beneficially own approximately 18.11% of our Common Stock. As a result, our executive officers, directors and affiliated parties will have significant influence to:

- Elect or defeat the election of our directors;
- Amend or prevent amendment of our certificate of incorporation or bylaws;
- Effect or prevent a merger, sale of assets or other corporate transaction; and
- Affect the outcome of any other matter submitted to the stockholders for vote.

In addition, any sale of a significant amount of our Common Stock held by our directors and executive officers, or the possibility of such sales, could adversely affect the market price of our Common Stock. Management's stock ownership may discourage a potential acquirer from making a tender offer or otherwise attempting to obtain control of us, which in turn could reduce our stock price or prevent our stockholders from realizing any gains from our Common Stock.

We may not be able to maintain effectiveness of the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, which could impact the liquidity of our Common Stock.

If this registration statement is not effective, the selling stockholders' ability to sell the shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants may be limited, which would have a material adverse effect on the liquidity of our Common Stock.

The market price for our Common Stock is particularly volatile given our status as a relatively unknown company with a small and thinly traded public float, and lack of profits, which could lead to wide fluctuations in our share price. You may be unable to sell your common shares at or above your purchase price, which may result in substantial losses to you.

The market for our Common Stock is characterized by significant price volatility when compared to the shares of larger, more established companies that trade on a national securities exchange and have large public floats, and we expect that our share price will continue to be more volatile than the shares of such larger, more established companies for the indefinite future. The volatility in our share price is attributable to a number of factors. First, as noted above, our Common Stock is, compared to the shares of such larger, more established companies, sporadically and thinly traded. The price for our shares could, for example, decline precipitously in the event that a large number of our Common Stock is sold on the market without commensurate demand. Secondly, we are a speculative or "risky" investment due to our lack of profits to date. As a consequence of this enhanced risk, more risk-adverse investors may, under the fear of losing all or most of their investment in the event of negative news or lack of progress, be more inclined to sell their shares on the market more quickly and at greater discounts than would be the case with the stock of a larger, more established company that trades on a national securities exchange and has a large public float. Many of these factors are beyond our control and may decrease the market price of our Common Stock regardless of our operating performance.

If we are not able to comply with the applicable continued listing requirements or standards of the NASDAQ Capital Market, NASDAQ could delist our Common Stock.

Our Common Stock is currently listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market ("NASDAQ"). In order to maintain that listing, we must satisfy minimum financial and other continued listing requirements and standards, including those regarding director independence and independent committee requirements, minimum stockholders' equity, minimum share price, and certain corporate governance requirements. There can be no assurances that we will be able to comply with the applicable listing standards. Although we are currently in compliance with our listing standards, we have, in the past, fallen out of compliance and may in the future fall out of compliance. If we are unable to maintain compliance with these NASDAQ requirements, our Common Stock will be delisted from NASDAQ.

In the event that our Common Stock is delisted from the NASDAQ Capital Market and is not eligible for quotation on another market or exchange, trading of our Common Stock could be conducted in the over-the-counter market or on an electronic bulletin board established for unlisted securities such as the Pink Sheets or the OTC Bulletin Board. In such event, it could become more difficult to dispose of, or obtain accurate price quotations for, our Common Stock, and there would likely also be a reduction in our coverage by securities analysts and the news media, which could cause the price of our Common Stock to decline further. Also, it may be difficult for us to raise additional capital if we are not listed on a major exchange.

In the event that our Common Stock is delisted from NASDAQ, U.S. broker-dealers may be discouraged from effecting transactions in shares of our Common Stock because they may be considered penny stocks and thus be subject to the penny stock rules.

The SEC has adopted a number of rules to regulate "penny stock" that restricts transactions involving stock which is deemed to be penny stock. Such rules include Rules 3a51-1, 15g-1, 15g-2, 15g-3, 15g-4, 15g-5, 15g-6, 15g-7, and 15g-9 under the Exchange Act. These rules may have the effect of reducing the liquidity of penny stocks. "Penny stocks" generally are equity securities with a price of less than \$5.00 per share (other than securities registered on certain national securities exchanges or quoted on the NASDAQ Stock Market if current price and volume information with respect to transactions in such securities is provided by the exchange or system). Our shares of Common Stock have in the past constituted, and may again in the future constitute, "penny stock" within the meaning of the rules. The additional sales practice and disclosure requirements imposed upon U.S. broker-dealers may discourage such broker-dealers from effecting transactions in shares of our Common Stock, which could severely limit the market liquidity of such shares of Common Stock and impede their sale in the secondary market.

A U.S. broker-dealer selling penny stock to anyone other than an established customer or "accredited investor" (generally, an individual with a net worth in excess of \$1,000,000 or an annual income exceeding \$200,000, or \$300,000 together with his or her spouse) must make a special suitability determination for the purchaser and must receive the purchaser's written consent to the transaction prior to sale, unless the broker-dealer or the transaction is otherwise exempt. In addition, the "penny stock" regulations require the U.S. broker-dealer to deliver, prior to any transaction involving a "penny stock", a disclosure schedule prepared in accordance with SEC standards relating to the "penny stock" market, unless the broker-dealer or the transaction is otherwise exempt. A U.S. broker-dealer is also required to disclose commissions payable to the U.S. broker-dealer and the registered representative and current quotations for the securities. Finally, a U.S. broker-dealer is required to submit monthly statements disclosing recent price information with respect to the "penny stock" held in a customer's account and information with respect to the limited market in "penny stocks".

Stockholders should be aware that, according to the SEC, the market for "penny stocks" has suffered in recent years from patterns of fraud and abuse. Such patterns include (i) control of the market for the security by one or a few broker-dealers that are often related to the promoter or issuer; (ii) manipulation of prices through prearranged matching of purchases and sales and false and misleading press releases; (iii) "boiler room" practices involving high-pressure sales tactics and unrealistic price projections by inexperienced sales persons; (iv) excessive and undisclosed bid-ask differentials and markups by selling broker-dealers; and (v) the wholesale dumping of the same securities by promoters and broker-dealers after prices have been manipulated to a desired level, resulting in investor losses. Our management is aware of the abuses that have occurred historically in the penny stock market. Although we do not expect to be in a position to dictate the behavior of the market or of broker-dealers who participate in the market, management will strive within the confines of practical limitations to prevent the described patterns from being established with respect to our securities.

Our stockholders may experience significant dilution.

Although certain exercise restrictions are placed upon the holders of the Warrants, the issuance of material amounts of Common Stock by us would cause our existing stockholders to experience significant dilution in their investment in our company. In addition, if we obtain additional financing involving the issuance of equity securities or securities convertible into equity securities, our existing stockholders' investment would be further diluted. Such dilution could cause the market price of our Common Stock to decline, which could impair our ability to raise additional financing.

We do not anticipate paying dividends in the foreseeable future; you should not buy our stock if you expect dividends.

The payment of dividends on our Common Stock will depend on earnings, financial condition and other business and economic factors affecting us at such time as our board of directors may consider relevant. If we do not pay dividends, our Common Stock may be less valuable because a return on your investment will only occur if our stock price appreciates.

We currently intend to retain our future earnings to support operations and to finance expansion and, therefore, we do not anticipate paying any cash dividends on our Common Stock in the foreseeable future.

You may experience additional dilution or raise additional capital in the future.

We may acquire other technologies or finance strategic alliances by issuing our equity or equity-linked securities, which may result in additional dilution to our stockholders.

We could issue "blank check" preferred stock without stockholder approval with the effect of diluting then current stockholder interests and impairing their voting rights; and provisions in our charter documents could discourage a takeover that stockholders may consider favorable.

Our certificate of incorporation authorizes the issuance of up to 10,000,000 shares of "blank check" preferred stock with designations, rights and preferences as may be determined from time to time by our board of directors. Our board of directors is empowered, without stockholder approval, to issue a series of preferred stock with dividend, liquidation, conversion, voting or other rights which could dilute the interest of, or impair the voting power of, our common stockholders. The issuance of a series of preferred stock could be used as a method of discouraging, delaying or preventing a change in control. For example, it would be possible for our board of directors to issue preferred stock with voting or other rights or preferences that could impede the success of any attempt to change control of our company.

Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") sales practice requirements may limit a stockholder's ability to buy and sell our Common Stock.

FINRA has adopted rules that require that in recommending an investment to a customer, a broker-dealer must have reasonable grounds for believing that the investment is suitable for that customer. Prior to recommending speculative low-priced securities to their non-institutional customers, broker-dealers must make reasonable efforts to obtain information about the customer's financial status, tax status, investment objectives and other information. Under interpretations of these rules, FINRA believes that there is a high probability that speculative low-priced securities will not be suitable for certain customers. FINRA requirements will likely make it more difficult for broker-dealers to recommend that their customers buy our Common Stock, which may have the effect of reducing the level of trading activity in our Common Stock. As a result, fewer broker-dealers may be willing to make a market in our Common Stock, reducing a stockholder's ability to resell shares of our Common Stock.

Sales of a significant number of shares of our Common Stock in the public markets or significant short sales of our Common Stock, or the perception that such sales could occur, could depress the market price of our Common Stock and impair our ability to raise capital.

Sales of a substantial number of shares of our Common Stock or other equity-related securities in the public markets, could depress the market price of our Common Stock. If there are significant short sales of our Common Stock, the price decline that could result from this activity may cause the share price to decline more so, which, in turn, may cause long holders of the Common Stock to sell their shares, thereby contributing to sales of Common Stock in the market. Such sales also may impair our ability to raise capital through the sale of additional equity securities in the future at a time and price that our management deems acceptable, if at all.

We have broad discretion in the use of the net proceeds from this offering and may not use them effectively.

Our management will have broad discretion in the application of the net proceeds from this offering, including for any of the purposes described in the section of this prospectus supplement entitled "Use of Proceeds." The failure by our management to apply these funds effectively could harm our business. Pending their use, we may invest the net proceeds from this offering in interest-bearing, investment-grade, securities. These investments may not yield a favorable return to our stockholders.

Exercise of options or warrants or conversion of convertible securities may have a dilutive effect on your percentage ownership of Common Stock and may result in a dilution of your voting power and an increase in the number of shares of common stock eligible for future resale in the public market, which may negatively impact the trading price of our shares of Common Stock.

The exercise or conversion of some or all of our outstanding warrants or convertible securities could result in significant dilution in the percentage ownership interest of investors in this offering and in the percentage ownership interest of our existing common stockholders and in a significant dilution of voting rights and earnings per share.



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As of the date of this prospectus supplement, we have warrants outstanding to purchase 5,777,650 shares of Common Stock. The warrants have an average exercise price of \$5.08 and a weighted average years to maturity of approximately 4.22 years.

In addition to the dilutive effects described above, the exercise of those securities would lead to an increase in the number of shares of Common Stock eligible for resale in the public market. Sales of substantial numbers of such shares of Common Stock in the public market could adversely affect the market price of our shares of Common Stock. Substantial dilution and/or a substantial increase in the number of shares of Common Stock available for future resale may negatively impact the trading price of our shares of Common Stock.

We may seek to raise additional funds, finance acquisitions or develop strategic relationships by issuing securities that would dilute the ownership of the Common Stock. Depending on the terms available to us, if these activities result in significant dilution, it may negatively impact the trading price of our shares of Common Stock.

We have financed our operations, and we expect to continue to finance our operations, acquisitions, if any, and the development of strategic relationships by issuing equity and/or convertible securities, which could significantly reduce the percentage ownership of our existing stockholders. Further, any additional financing that we secure may require the granting of rights, preferences or privileges senior to, or pari passu with, those of our Common Stock. Any issuances by us of equity securities may be at or below the prevailing market price of our Common Stock and in any event may have a dilutive impact on your ownership interest, which could cause the market price of our Common Stock to decline. We may also raise additional funds through the incurrence of debt or the issuance or sale of other securities or instruments senior to our shares of Common Stock. The holders of any securities and we grant superior rights to new securities over common stockholders, it may negatively impact the trading price of our shares of Common Stock.

Our charter documents and Delaware law could prevent a takeover that stockholders consider favorable and could also reduce the market price of our Common Stock.

Our certificate of incorporation, as amended, and our bylaws, as amended, contain provisions that could delay or prevent a change in control of our Company. These provisions could also make it more difficult for stockholders to elect directors and take other corporate actions. These provisions include:

- authorizing the board of directors to issue, without stockholder approval, preferred stock with rights senior to those of our Common Stock;
- limiting the persons who may call special meetings of stockholders; and
- requiring advance notification of stockholder nominations and proposals.

In addition, the provisions of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law govern us. These provisions may prohibit large stockholders, in particular those owning 15% or more of our outstanding voting stock, from merging or combining with us for a certain period of time without the consent of our board of directors.

These and other provisions in our certificate of incorporation and our bylaws, as amended, and under Delaware law could discourage potential takeover attempts, reduce the price that investors might be willing to pay in the future for shares of our Common Stock and result in the market price of our Common Stock being lower than it would be without these provisions. See the section entitled "Description of Capital Stock" in the accompanying base prospectus.

If securities or industry analysts do not publish or cease publishing research or reports about us, our business or our market, or if they change their recommendations regarding our Common Stock adversely, our Common Stock price and trading volume could decline.

The trading market for our shares of Common Stock will be influenced by the research and reports that industry or securities analysts may publish about us, our business, our market or our competitors. If any of the analysts who may cover us change their recommendation regarding our Common Stock adversely, or provide more favorable relative recommendations about our competitors, our share price would likely decline. If any analyst who may cover us were to cease coverage of our company or fail to regularly publish reports on us, we could lose visibility in the financial markets, which in turn could cause our Common Stock price or trading volume to decline.

The requirements of being a U.S. public company may strain our resources and divert management's attention.

As a U.S. public company, we are subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, the Dodd-Frank Act, the listing requirements of NASDAQ, and other applicable securities rules and regulations. Compliance with these rules and regulations will increase our legal and financial compliance costs, make some activities more difficult, time-consuming, or costly, and increase demand on our systems and resources. The Exchange Act requires, among other things, that we file annual and current reports with respect to our business and operating results.

As a result of disclosure of information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus and in filings required of a public company, our business and financial condition is more visible, which we believe may result in threatened or actual litigation, including by competitors and other third parties. If such claims are successful, our business and operating results could be harmed, and even if the claims do not result in litigation or are resolved in our favor, these claims, and the time and resources necessary to resolve them, could divert resources of our management and harm our business and operating results.

An active, liquid trading market for our Common Stock may not develop, which may cause our Common Stock to trade at a discount from the initial offering price and make it difficult for you to sell the Common Stock you purchase.

Our Common Stock is currently listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market. However, there can be no assurance that there will be an active market for our Common Stock either now or in the future. If an active and liquid trading market does not develop or if developed cannot be sustained, you may have difficulty selling any of our Common Stock that you purchase. The market price of our Common Stock may decline below the initial offering price, and you may not be able to sell your shares of our Common Stock at or above the price you paid, or at all.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The selling stockholders will receive all of the proceeds from the sale of shares of Common Stock under this prospectus. We will not receive any proceeds from these sales. However, to the extent the Warrants are exercised for cash, as applicable, we will receive up to \$8,897,202. The selling stockholders will pay any agent's commissions and expenses they incur for brokerage, accounting, tax or legal services or any other expenses they incur in disposing of the shares of Common Stock. We will bear all other costs, fees and expenses incurred in effecting the registration of the shares of Common Stock covered by this prospectus and any prospectus supplement. These may include, without limitation, all registration and filing fees, SEC filing fees and expenses of compliance with state securities or "blue sky" laws.

ISSUANCE OF WARRANTS

The shares of common stock offered by the selling stockholders pursuant to this prospectus were issued, or will be issuable, in connection with the following transactions described below:

July 2017 Private Placement

On July 10, 2017, we entered into a placement agency agreement (the "July Placement Agency Agreement") with Aegis Capital Corp. (the "July Placement Agent") under which the July Placement Agent agreed to serve as the sole placement agent, on a "reasonable best efforts" basis, in connection with the registered direct public offering (the "July Registered Direct Offering") of an aggregate of 2,170,000 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share (the "July Shares") and pre-funded warrants (the "Pre-Funded Warrants") to purchase 230,000 shares of Common Stock, for an aggregate purchase price of \$3,432,000. Also on July 10, 2017, to effect the July Registered Direct Offering, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "July Purchase Agreement") with the July Investors under which we agreed to issue and sell the July Shares and Pre-Funded Warrants directly to the July Investors.

The July Shares were offered at a price of \$1.43 per share. The Pre-Funded Warrants have an exercise price of \$0.01 per share as the Company already received \$1.42 per Pre-Funded Warrant (the prefunded amount). The Pre-Funded Warrants are exercisable immediately upon their issuance and expire five (5) years from the date of issuance. Subject to limited exceptions, a holder of the Pre-Funded Warrants does not have the right to exercise any portion of its Pre-Funded Warrant if the holder, together with its affiliates, would beneficially own over 9.99% of the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to such exercise.

In a concurrent private placement (the "July Private Placement"; together with the July Registered Direct Offering, the "July Offering"), we also sold to the July Investors, for no additional consideration, the July Investor Warrants to purchase 0.75 of a share of Common Stock for each July Share purchased for cash in the July Offering as well as each share of Common Stock underlying the Pre-Funded Warrants. The July Investor Warrants are exercisable beginning on the six (6)-month anniversary of the date of issuance (the "July Initial Exercise Date"), at an exercise price of \$2.00 per share and will expire on the fifth (5th) anniversary of the July Initial Exercise Date.

Subject to limited exceptions, a holder of the July Investor Warrants will not have the right to exercise any portion of its July Investor Warrants if the holder, together with its affiliates, would beneficially own in excess of 4.99% of the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to such exercise, or the beneficial ownership limitation; provided, however, that upon 61 days' prior notice to the Company, the holder may increase or decrease the beneficial ownership limitation, provided that in no event shall the beneficial ownership limitation exceed 9.99%.

The exercise price and number of shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of the July Investor Warrants is subject to adjustment in the event of any stock dividend and split, reverse stock split, recapitalization, reorganization or similar transaction, as described in the Investor Warrants.

If, at any time while the July Investor Warrants are outstanding, (A) we, directly or indirectly, in one or more related transactions, enters into a Fundamental Transaction (as defined in the July Investor Warrants), then each holder shall have the right thereafter to receive, upon exercise of an Investor Warrant, the same amount and kind of securities, cash or property as such holder would have been entitled to receive upon the occurrence of such Fundamental Transaction if the holder had been, immediately prior to such Fundamental Transaction, the holder of the number of shares of common stock then issuable upon exercise of the July Investor Warrants. Any successor to us, surviving entity or the corporation purchasing or otherwise acquiring such assets shall assume the obligation to deliver to the holder such alternate consideration, and the other obligations, under the Warrants.

After the July Initial Exercise Date, if and only if there is no effective registration statement registering, or no current prospectus available for, the resale of the shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the July Investor Warrants, the July Inventors may exercise the July Investor Warrants by means of a "cashless exercise."

The July Offering closed on July 13, 2017.

July 2017 Exchange

On July 19, 2017, certain investors (the "July Holders") purchased from LogicMark Investment the \$594,403 outstanding balance on the Amended and Restated Secured Promissory Note, inclusive of accrued and unpaid interest. In connection therewith, the Company, LogicMark Partners, and the July Holders entered into an Assignment and Assumption Agreement, dated July 19, 2017 (the "Assignment Agreement"), whereby LogicMark Partners assigned the Amended and Restated Promissory Note to the July Holders.

Additionally, on July 19, 2017, the Company and the July Holders entered into an exchange agreement (the "July Exchange Agreement") pursuant to which the Company exchanged with the July Holders the Amended and Restated Promissory Note held by them in exchange for: (i) an aggregate principal amount of \$594,403 of new secured subordinated promissory notes (the "July Exchange Notes"); and (ii) common stock purchase warrants exercisable into 297,202 shares of Common Stock (the "July Exchange Warrants").

The July Exchange Warrants are exercisable beginning on July 19, 2017, and are exercisable for a period of five (5) years. The exercise price with respect to the July Exchange Warrants is \$2.00 per share (the "July Exercise Price"). The July Exercise Price and the amount of shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the July Exchange Warrants are subject to adjustment upon certain events, such as stock splits, combinations, dividends, distributions, reclassifications, mergers or other corporate change and dilutive issuances.

November 2017 Private Placement

On November 9, 2017, we entered into a placement agency agreement (the "November Placement Agency Agreement") with Aegis Capital Corp. (the "November Placement Agent") under which the November Placement Agent agreed to serve as the sole placement agent, on a "reasonable best efforts" basis, in connection with the registered direct public offering (the "November Registered Direct Offering") of an aggregate of 2,941,177 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share (the "November Shares"). Also on November 9, 2017, to effect the November Registered Direct Offering, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "November Purchase Agreement") with the November Investors under which we agreed to issue and sell the November Shares directly to the November Investors. The November Shares were offered at a price of \$1.36 per share.

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In a concurrent private placement (the "November Private Placement"; together with the November Registered Direct Offering, the "November Offering"), we also sold to the November Investors, for no additional consideration, the November Investor Warrants to purchase 0.85 of a share of Common Stock for each November Share purchased for cash in the November Offering. The November Investor Warrants are exercisable beginning on the six (6)-month anniversary of the date of issuance (the "November Initial Exercise Date"), at an exercise price of \$2.00 per share and will expire on the fifth (5th) anniversary of the November Initial Exercise Date.

Subject to limited exceptions, a holder of November Investor Warrants will not have the right to exercise any portion of its November Investor Warrants if the holder, together with its affiliates, would beneficially own in excess of 4.99% of the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to such exercise, or the beneficial ownership limitation; provided, however, that upon 61 days' prior notice to us, the holder may increase or decrease the beneficial ownership limitation, provided that in no event shall the beneficial ownership limitation exceed 9.99%.

The exercise price and number of shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of the November Investor Warrants is subject to adjustment in the event of any stock dividend and split, reverse stock split, recapitalization, reorganization or similar transaction, as described in the November Investor Warrants.

If, at any time while the November Investor Warrants are outstanding, (A) we, directly or indirectly, in one or more related transactions, enters into a Fundamental Transaction (as defined in the November Investor Warrants), then each holder shall have the right thereafter to receive, upon exercise of an November Investor Warrant, the same amount and kind of securities, cash or property as such holder would have been entitled to receive upon the occurrence of such Fundamental Transaction if the holder had been, immediately prior to such Fundamental Transaction, the holder of the number of shares of common stock then issuable upon exercise of the Investor Warrants. Any successor to us, surviving entity or the corporation purchasing or otherwise acquiring such assets shall assume the obligation to deliver to the holder such alternate consideration, and the other obligations, under the November Investor Warrants.

After the November Initial Exercise Date, if and only if there is no effective registration statement registering, or no current prospectus available for, the resale of the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the Investor Warrants, the purchasers may exercise the November Investor Warrants by means of a "cashless exercise."

The November Offering closed on November 13, 2017.

SELLING STOCKHOLDERS

The shares of Common Stock being offered by the selling stockholders are those issuable to the selling stockholders upon the exercise of the Warrants. For additional information regarding the issuance of the Warrants, see "Issuance of Warrants" above. We are registering the shares of Common Stock in order to permit the selling stockholders to offer the shares of Common Stock for resale from time to time.

The table below lists the selling stockholders and other information regarding the "beneficial ownership" of the shares of Common Stock by each of the selling stockholders. In accordance with Rule 13d-3 of the Exchange Act, "beneficial ownership" includes any shares of Common Stock as to which the selling stockholders have sole or shared voting power or investment power and any shares of Common Stock the selling stockholders have the right to acquire within sixty (60) days (including shares of Common Stock issuable pursuant to convertible notes and warrants currently convertible or exercisable, or convertible or exercisable within sixty (60) days).

The second column indicates the number of shares of Common Stock beneficially owned by each selling stockholder, based on its ownership of the Warrants as of January 3, 2018. The second column also assumes exercise of all of the Warrants held by the selling stockholders on January 3, 2018 without regard to any limitations on exercise described in this prospectus or in such Warrants.

The third column lists the shares of Common Stock being offered by this prospectus by each selling stockholder. Such aggregate amount of Common Stock does not take into account any applicable limitations on the exercise of the Warrants.

This prospectus covers the resale of (i) all of the shares of Common Stock issued and issuable upon the exercise of the Warrants, (ii) any additional shares of Common Stock issued and issuable in connection with any anti-dilution provisions in the Warrants (in each case without giving effect to any limitations on exercise set forth in such Warrants) and (iii) any securities issued or then issuable upon any stock split, dividend or other distribution, recapitalization or similar event with respect to the foregoing. Because the exercise price of the Warrants may be adjusted, the number of shares of Common Stock that will actually be issued may be more or less than the number of shares of Common Stock being offered by this prospectus. The selling stockholders can offer all, some or none of their shares of Common Stock, thus we have no way of determining the number of shares of Common Stock they will hold after this offering. Therefore, the fourth and fifth columns assume that the selling stockholders will sell all shares of Common Stock covered by this prospectus. See "Plan of Distribution."

Each selling stockholder identified below has confirmed to us that it is not a broker-dealer or an affiliate of a broker-dealer within the meaning of United States federal securities laws.

Name of Selling Stockholder	Number of Shares of Common Stock Owned Prior to Offering	Maximum Number of Shares of Common Stock to be Sold Pursuant to this Prospectus	Number of Shares of Common Stock Owned After Offering	Percentage Beneficially Owned After Offering
Anson Investments Master Fund LP(1)	2,473,601	2,473,601	-	-
Alpha Capital Anstalt(2)	1,725,000	1,725,000	-	-
Osher Capital Partners LLC(3)	250,000	250,000		
TOTAL	4,448,601	4,448,601		

- (1) This stockholder has represented to us that it is controlled by M5V Advisors Inc and Frigate Ventures LP ("M5V" and "Frigate"), who are the Co-Investment Advisers of Anson Investments Master Fund LP ("Anson"), hold voting and dispositive power over the Common Shares held by Anson. Bruce Winson is the managing member of Admiralty Advisors LLC, which is the general partner of Frigate. Moez Kassam and Adam Spears are directors of M5V. Mr. Winson, Mr. Kassam and Mr. Spears each disclaim beneficial ownership of these Common Shares except to the extent of their pecuniary interest therein. The principal business address of Anson is 190 Elgin Ave; George Town, Grand Cayman. None of Mr. Winson, Mr. Kassam or Mr. Spears has had any material relationship with the Company in the last three (3) years.
- (2) This stockholder has represented to us that it is controlled by Konrad Ackernan, who has not had any material relationship with the Company in the last three (3) years, other than as described in "Material Relationships with the Selling Stockholders" below.
- (3) This stockholder has represented to us that it is controlled by Ari Kluger, who has not had any material relationship with the Company in the last three (3) years, other than as described in "Material Relationships with the Selling Stockholders" below.

Material Relationships with the Selling Stockholders

Along with the Warrants issued pursuant to the July Exchange Agreement, the July Purchase Agreement, and the November Purchase Agreement, we have had the following material relationships with the selling stockholders in the last three (3) years:

April 2015 Private Placement

On April 24, 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "April Purchase Agreement") with Alpha Capital Anstalt and Osher Capital Partners, LLC (the "April Purchasers") pursuant to which the Company sold to such purchasers an aggregate of \$1,575,000 principal amount of secured convertible notes (the "Convertible Notes"), a Class A Common Stock Purchase Warrant (the "Class A Warrant") to purchase up to 46,875 shares of the Company's common stock and a Class B Common Stock Purchase Warrant (the "Class B Warrant," and together with the Class A Warrant, the "April Warrants") to purchase up to 468,749 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Notes bear interest at 6% per annum and are convertible at any time, in whole or in part, at the option of the holders into shares of common stock at a conversion price of \$25.20 per share. The April Warrants are exercisable beginning six (6) months after issuance through the fifth (5th) anniversary of such initial exercisability date. The Class A Warrant has an initial exercise price equal to \$30.20 per share and the Class B Warrant has an initial exercise price equal to \$50.00 per share. The Company received cash proceeds of \$1,481,500 from the issuance of the Convertible Notes after deducting debt issuance costs of \$93,500.

On December 8, 2015, we entered into an exchange agreement with each of the April Purchasers. The exchange agreements provide that the April Purchasers shall exchange their Convertible Notes with the Notes. Additionally, in consideration of the April Purchasers execution of an Additional Secured Party Joinder, the April Purchasers were issued an aggregate of \$200,000 in principal amount of notes. Such notes contain the same rights and obligations as set forth in the Notes.

December 2015 Offering

On December 8, 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with certain accredited investors pursuant to which the Company sold an aggregate of \$1,500,000 in principal amount of Senior Secured Convertible Notes for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,500,000.

November 2016 Exchange

On July 25, 2016, the Company, in connection with its acquisition of LogicMark, LLC (the "Seller"), issued to LogicMark Investment Partners, LLC, as the Seller's representative ("LogicMark Investment") a secured subordinated promissory note in the amount of \$2,500,000 (the "Original Note"), and the Seller and the Company entered into a security agreement to secure the Original Note.

On November 29, 2016, the Company entered into an exchange agreement (the "November Exchange Agreement") with certain holders of a portion of the Original Notes (the "November Holders") pursuant to which the Company exchanged with the November Holders \$1,500,000 of Original Notes held by the November Holders in exchange for: (i) an aggregate principal amount of \$1,500,000 of new secured subordinated promissory notes (the "November Exchange Notes"); and (ii) the common stock purchase warrants exercisable into 500,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock (the "November Exchange Warrants"). The November Holders purchased the \$1,500,000 of Original Notes from LogicMark Investment prior to this transaction.

The November Exchange Warrants are exercisable beginning on November 29, 2016, and are exercisable for a period of five (5) years. The exercise price with respect to the November Exchange Warrants is \$2.00 per share (the "November Exercise Price") pursuant to an amendment entered into between the Company and the November Holders on July 11, 2017. The November Exercise Price and the amount of shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the November Exchange Warrants are subject to adjustment upon certain events, such as stock splits, combinations, dividends, distributions, reclassifications, mergers or other corporate change and dilutive issuances.

Subsequent to certain payments made to LogicMark Partners under the Original Note, the Company issued to LogicMark Partners on November 29, 2016, an Amended and Rested Secured Promissory Note, with a principal amount of the remaining balance of the Original Note.

On December 19, 2017, and effective as of November 29, 2017, we entered into an agreement (the Amendment Agreement") with the November Holders. Pursuant to the Amendment Agreement, the Company and the Holders agreed to (i) amend the maturity dates of the November Exchange Notes by one (1) year, or November 29, 2018, and (ii) that the November Holders would forbear the exercise of any remedies due to the passing of the original maturity date of the Exchange Notes. In consideration thereof, the Company issued to the November Holders an aggregate of 370,000 shares of restricted Common Stock.

July 2017 Offerings

For information regarding this offering, see "Issuance of Warrants" above.

November 2017 Offerings

For information regarding this offering, see "Issuance of Warrants" above.

December 2017 Offering

On December 26, 2017, we closed a registered direct offering of an aggregate of 1,750,000 shares (the "December Shares") of Common Stock. We sold the December Shares at a price of \$4.00 per share. We received gross proceeds from the offering, before deducting placement agent fees and other estimated offering expenses payable by us, of approximately \$7 million. Aegis Capital Corp. acted as the lead placement agent for the offering and Maxim Group LLC acted as a co-placement agent for the offering.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

The selling stockholders of the securities and any of its pledgees, assignees and successors-in-interest may, from time to time, sell any or all of their securities covered hereby on any trading market, stock exchange or other trading facility on which the securities are traded or in private transactions. These sales may be at fixed or negotiated prices. The selling stockholders may use any one or more of the following methods when selling securities:

- ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker-dealer solicits purchasers;
- block trades in which the broker-dealer will attempt to sell the securities as agent but may position and resell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction;
- purchases by a broker-dealer as principal and resale by the broker-dealer for its account;
- an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of the applicable exchange;
- privately negotiated transactions;
- settlement of short sales;
- in transactions through broker-dealers that agree with the selling stockholders to sell a specified number of such securities at a stipulated price per security;
- through the writing or settlement of options or other hedging transactions, whether through an options exchange or otherwise;
- a combination of any such methods of sale; or
- any other method permitted pursuant to applicable law.

The selling stockholders may also sell securities under Rule 144 under the Securities Act, if available, rather than under this prospectus.

Broker-dealers engaged by the selling stockholders may arrange for other brokers-dealers to participate in sales. Broker-dealers may receive commissions or discounts from the selling stockholders (or, if any broker-dealer acts as agent for the purchaser of securities, from the purchaser) in amounts to be negotiated, but, except as set forth in a supplement to this prospectus, in the case of an agency transaction not in excess of a customary brokerage commission in compliance with FINRA Rule 2440; and in the case of a principal transaction a markup or markdown in compliance with FINRA IM-2440.

In connection with the sale of the securities covered hereby, the selling stockholders may enter into hedging transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions, which may in turn engage in short sales of the securities in the course of hedging the positions they assume. The selling stockholders may also sell securities short and deliver these securities to close out their short positions, or loan or pledge the securities to broker-dealers that in turn may sell these securities. The selling stockholders may also enter into option or other transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions or create one or more derivative securities which require the delivery to such broker-dealer or other financial institution of securities offered by this prospectus, which securities such broker-dealer or other financial institution may resell pursuant to this prospectus (as supplemented or amended to reflect such transaction).

The selling stockholders and any broker-dealers or agents that are involved in selling the securities may be deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act in connection with such sales. In such event, any commissions received by such broker-dealers or agents and any profit on the resale of the securities purchased by them may be deemed to be underwriting commissions or discounts under the Securities Act. Each selling stockholder has informed us that it does not have any written or oral agreement or understanding, directly or indirectly, with any person to distribute the securities.

We are required to pay certain fees and expenses incurred by us incident to the registration of the securities. We have agreed to indemnify the selling stockholders against certain losses, claims, damages and liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

Because the selling stockholders may be deemed to be an "underwriter" within the meaning of the Securities Act, it will be subject to the prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act, including Rule 172 thereunder. In addition, any securities covered by this prospectus which qualify for sale pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act may be sold under Rule 144 rather than under this prospectus. Each selling stockholder has advised us that there is no underwriter or coordinating broker acting in connection with the proposed sale of the resale securities by the selling stockholder.

We agreed to keep this prospectus effective until the earlier of (i) the date on which the securities may be resold by the selling stockholders without registration and without regard to any volume or manner-of-sale limitations by reason of Rule 144, without the requirement for us to be in compliance with the current public information requirement under Rule 144 under the Securities Act or any other rule of similar effect or (ii) all of the securities have been sold pursuant to this prospectus or Rule 144 under the Securities Act or any other rule of similar effect. The resale securities will be sold only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers if required under applicable state securities laws. In addition, in certain states, the resale securities covered hereby may not be sold unless they have been registered or qualified for sale in the applicable state or an exemption from the registration or qualification requirement is available and is complied with.

Under applicable rules and regulations under the Exchange Act, any person engaged in the distribution of the resale securities may not simultaneously engage in market making activities with respect to the Common Stock for the applicable restricted period, as defined in Regulation M, prior to the commencement of the distribution. In addition, the selling stockholders will be subject to applicable provisions of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, including Regulation M, which may limit the timing of purchases and sales of the Common Stock by the selling stockholders or any other person. We will make copies of this prospectus available to the selling stockholders and have informed the selling stockholders of the need to deliver a copy of this prospectus to each purchaser at or prior to the time of the sale (including by compliance with Rule 172 under the Securities Act).

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the shares of Common Stock offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Robinson Brog Leinward Greene Genovese & Gluck P.C., New York, New York.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of Nxt-ID, Inc. and its Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2016, and for the year then ended have been incorporated by reference herein and in the registration statement in reliance upon the report, of Marcum LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

The consolidated financial statements of Nxt-ID, Inc. as of December 31, 2015 and for the year then ended have been incorporated by reference herein and in the registration statement in reliance upon the report of KPMG LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, incorporated by reference herein and in the registration statement, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting. The audit report contains an explanatory paragraph that states that the Company has incurred recurring losses from operations that raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of that uncertainty.

We have agreed to indemnify and hold KPMG LLP (KPMG) harmless against and from any and all legal costs and expenses incurred by KPMG in successful defense of any legal action or proceeding that arises as a result of KPMG's consent to the incorporation by reference of its audit report on the Company's past financial statements incorporated by reference in this registration statement.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed with the Commission a registration statement on Form S-3 (including exhibits) under the Securities Act, with respect to the securities to be sold in this offering. This prospectus does not contain all the information set forth in the registration statement. For further information with respect to our Company and the securities offered in this prospectus, reference is made to the registration statement, including the exhibits filed thereto. With respect to each such document filed with the Commission as an exhibit to the registration statement, reference is made to the exhibit for a more complete description of the matter involved.

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. We have also filed with the SEC under the Securities Act a registration statement on Form S-1 with respect to the common stock offered by this prospectus. This prospectus, which constitutes part of the registration statement, does not contain all the information set forth in the registration statement or the exhibits and schedules which are part of the registration statement, portions of which are omitted as permitted by the rules and regulations of the SEC. Statements made in this prospectus regarding the contents of any contract or other document are summaries of the material terms of the contract or document. With respect to each contract or document filed as an exhibit to the registration statement, reference is made to the corresponding exhibit. For further information pertaining to us and the common stock offered by this prospectus, reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549 on official business days during the hours of 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Copies of all or any portion of the registration statement may be obtained from the SEC at prescribed rates. Information on the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. In addition, the SEC. The web site can be accessed at *http://www.sec.gov*. Our internet address is *www.nxt-id.com*. Information contained on our website is not a part of, and is not incorporated into, this prospectus, and the inclusion of our website address in this prospectus is an inactive textual reference only.



INCORPORATION OF DOCUMENTS BY REFERENCE

The SEC permits us to "incorporate by reference" into this prospectus the information contained in documents we file with the SEC, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. Information that is incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus and you should read it with the same care that you read this prospectus. Information that we file later with the SEC will automatically update and supersede the information that is either contained, or incorporated by reference, in this prospectus, and will be considered to be a part of this prospectus from the date those documents are filed. We have filed with the SEC and incorporate by reference in this prospectus, except as superseded, supplemented or modified by this prospectus, the documents listed below:

- Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, filed with the SEC on April 14, 2017, as amended by Annual Form on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, filed with the SEC on July 7, 2017;
- Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2017, filed with the SEC on May 15, 2017;
- Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2017, filed with the SEC on August 14, 2017;
- Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2017, filed with the SEC on November 14, 2017;
- Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 19, 2017, February 10, 2017, March 29, 2017, April 6, 2017, April 19, 2017, May 3, 2017, May 30, 2017, June 29, 2017, July 6, 2017, July 10, 2017, July 13, 2017, July 20, 2017, August 1, 2017, August 8, 2017, August 25, 2017, November 6, 2017, November 9, 2017, November 13, 2017, November 17, 2017, November 24, 2017, December 20, 2017, December 21, 2017 and December 26, 2017;
- Definitive Proxy Statement filed with the SEC on August 4, 2017; and
- Registration Statement on Form 8-A, filed with the SEC on September 9, 2014, including any amendments or reports filed for the purpose of updating the description of our Common Stock therein.

We also incorporate by reference all additional documents that we file with the SEC under the terms of Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act until the offering is completed, including those documents that are filed after the initial filing date of the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part and prior to effectiveness of the registration statement. We are not, however, incorporating, in each case, any documents or information that we are deemed to furnish and not file under Item 2.02 or Item 7.01 of any Current Report on Form 8-K in accordance with SEC rules.

In accordance with Rule 402 of Regulation S-T, the XBRL related information in Exhibit 101 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K and our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any registration statement or other document filed under the Securities Act, except as will be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

You can obtain a copy of any or all of the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement (other than an exhibit to a document unless that exhibit is specifically incorporated by reference into that document) from the SEC on its website at *www.sec.gov*. You also can obtain these documents from us without charge by visiting our corporate website at *www.nxt-id.com* or by requesting them in writing or by telephoning us at:

Nxt-ID, Inc. 285 North Drive Suite D Melbourne, FL 32934 Attn.: Corporate Secretary (203) 266-2103



4,448,601 Shares of Common Stock

Nxt-ID, Inc.

PROSPECTUS

The date of this prospectus is

, 2018.

PART II INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 14. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution.

The following table sets forth an estimate of the fees and expenses relating to the issuance and distribution of the securities being registered hereby, all of which shall be borne by the registrant (except any underwriting discounts and commissions and expenses incurred by the selling stockholders for brokerage, accounting, tax or legal services or any other expenses incurred by the selling stockholders in disposing of the shares of Common Stock). All of such fees and expenses, except for the SEC registration fee, are estimated:

SEC registration fee	\$ 2,049.25
Legal fees and expenses	\$ 15,000.00
Accounting fees and expenses	\$ 25,000.00
Miscellaneous fees and expenses	\$ -
Total	\$ 42,049.25

Item 15. Indemnification of Officers and Directors.

Section 102(b)(7) of the Delaware General Corporation Law (the "DGCL") allows a corporation to provide in its certificate of incorporation that a director of the corporation will not be personally liable to the corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except where the directors breached the duty of loyalty, failed to act in good faith, engaged in intentional misconduct or knowingly violated a law, authorized the payment of a dividend or approved a stock repurchase in violation of Delaware corporate law or obtained an improper personal benefit. Our certificate of incorporation provides for this limitation of liability.

Section 145 of the DGCL provides that a Delaware corporation may indemnify any person who was, is or is threatened to be made, party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of such corporation), by reason of the fact that such person is or was an officer, director, employee or agent of such corporation or is or was serving at the request of such corporation as a director, officer employee or agent of another corporation or enterprise. The indemnity may include expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding, provided such person acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the corporation may indemnify any persons who are, or were, a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the corporation by reason of the fact that such person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or suit by or in the right of the corporation by reason of the fact that such person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or suit by or in the right of the corporation by reason of the fact that such person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or suit by or in the right of the corporation by reason of the fact that such person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or suit by or in the right of the corporation by reason of the fact that such person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or suit by or in the right of the corporation by reason of the fact that such person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or suit by or in the right of the corporation by reason of the fact that such person is or was a director

Section 145 further authorizes a corporation to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or enterprise, against any liability asserted against him and incurred by him in any such capacity, or arising out of his status as such, whether or not the corporation would otherwise have the power to indemnify him under Section 145.

The indemnification rights set forth above shall not be exclusive of any other right which an indemnified person may have or hereafter acquire under any bylaw, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise, both as to action in such person's official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office, and shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee, or agent and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors, and administrators of such person.



TABLE OF CONTENTS

We maintain a general liability insurance policy that covers liabilities of directors and officers of our corporation arising out of claims based on acts or omissions in their capacities as directors or officers.

Item 16. Exhibits.

The list of exhibits in the Exhibit Index to this registration statement is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 17. Undertakings.

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

- (1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:
 - (i) To include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended;
 - (ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of this registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in this registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in the volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of the securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than a 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement; and
 - (iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in this registration statement or any material change to such information in this registration statement;

provided, however, that the undertakings set forth in paragraphs (1)(i), (1)(ii) and (1)(iii) above do not apply if the information required to be included in a post-effective amendment by those paragraphs is contained in reports filed with or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission by the registrant pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that are incorporated by reference in this registration statement or is contained in a form of prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) that is part of this registration statement;

- (2) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof;
- (3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering;
- (4) That, for the purpose of determining liability under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, to any purchaser:
 - (i) Each prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424 (b)(3) shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the date the filed prospectus was deemed part of and included in this registration statement; and

- (ii) Each prospectus required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424 (b)(2), (b)(5), or (b)(7) as part of a registration statement in reliance on Rule 430B relating to an offering made pursuant to Rule 415(a)(1)(i), (vii) or (x) for the purpose of providing the information required by Section 10(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the earlier of the date such prospectus is first used after effectiveness or the date of the first contract of sale of securities in the offering described in the prospectus. As provided in Rule 430B, for liability purposes of the issuer and any person that is at that date an underwriter, such date shall be deemed to be a new effective date of the registration statement relating to the securities in the registration statement to which that prospectus relates, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof; provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such effective date, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such effective date;
- (5) That, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, each filing of the registrant's annual report pursuant to Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (and, where applicable, each filing of an employee benefit plan's annual report pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) that is incorporated by reference in the registration statement shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof;
- (6) Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the Registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form S-3 and has duly caused this Form S-3 to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the city of Melbourne, in the state of Florida, on January 5, 2018.

Nxt-ID, Inc.

By: /s/ Gino M. Pereira

Gino M. Pereira Chief Executive Officer and Director

POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Gino M. Pereira, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent with full power of substitution and re-substitution, for him/her and in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities to sign any or all amendments (including, without limitation, post-effective amendments) to this registration statement, any related registration statement filed pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act of 1933 and any or all pre- or post-effective amendments thereto, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and all other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully for all intents and purposes as he or she might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or any substitute or substitutes for him, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof. Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated have signed this registration statement below.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ GINO M. PEREIRA Gino M. Pereira	Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	January 5, 2018
/s/ VINCENT S. MICELI Vincent S. Miceli	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	January 5, 2018
/s/ MAJOR GENERAL DAVID R. GUST, USA, Ret. Major General David R. Gust, USA, Ret.	Director	January 5, 2018
/s/ MICHAEL J. D'ALMADA-REMEDIOS, PHD. Michael J. D'Almada-Remedios, PhD	Director	January 5, 2018
/s/ DANIEL P. SHARKEY Daniel P. Sharkey	Director	January 5, 2018
/s/ MICHAEL ORLANDO Michael Orlando	Director	January 5, 2018
/s/ ROBIN D. RICHARDS Robin D. Richards	Director	January 5, 2018
/s/ JOHN BENDHEIM John Bendheim	Director	January 5, 2018

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhib Numb				
4.1	Specimen Common Stock Certificate (1)			
4.2	Form of November Exchange Warrant (2)			
4.3	Form of July Investor Warrant (3)			
4.4	Form of July Exchange Warrant (4)			
4.5	Form of November Investor Warrant (5)			
5.1*	<u>Opinion of Robinson Brog Leinwand Greene Genovese & Gluck P.C.</u>			
23.1*	Consent of Marcum LLP			
23.2*	Consent of KPMG LLP			
23.3*	Consent of Robinson Brog Leinwand Greene Genovese & Gluck P.C. (included in Exhibit 5.1)			
24.1	Power of Attorney (included on signature pages to the registration statement)			
* I	Filed herewith.			
(1) H	Filed as an Exhibit to Amendment No. 3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-186331) with the SEC on April 11, 2013.			
(2) H	Filed as an Exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K with the SEC on November 29, 2016.			
(3) H	Filed as an Exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K with the SEC on July 10, 2017.			

(4) Filed as an Exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K with the SEC on July 19, 2017.

(5) Filed as an Exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K with the SEC on November 13, 2017.

ROBINSON BROG LEINWAND GREENE GENOVESE & GLUCK P.C. 875 THIRD AVENUE NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10022-0123

(212) 603-6300

FAX (212) 956-2164

January 5, 2018

Nxt-ID, Inc. 285 North Drive Suite D Melbourne, FL 32934

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special counsel to Nxt-ID, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "*Company*"), in connection with a Registration Statement on Form S-3 (the "*Registration Statement*") filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "*SeC*") under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "*Securities Act*") for the proposed resale from time to time by the selling stockholders named in the Registration Statement (the "*Selling Stockholders*") of an aggregate of up to 4,448,601 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share (the "*Common Stock*"), issuable with respect to the (i) the exercise of common stock purchase warrants (the "*July Investor Warrants*") issued in connection with that certain Securities Purchase Agreement, dated July 10, 2017, by and among the Company and the purchaser signatories thereto; (ii) the exercise of common stock purchase warrants (the "*July Exchange Warrants*") issued in connection with that certain Exchange Agreement, dated July 19, 2017 (the "July Exchange Agreement"), by and among the Company and the parties identified on Schedule A thereto; and (iii) the exercise of common stock purchase warrants (the "*November Investor Warrants*"; and together with the July Investor Warrants and the July Exchange Warrants") issued in connection with that certain Securities Purchase Agreement, dated November 9, 2017, by and among the Company and the purchaser signatories thereto. We refer to the shares of Common Stock issuable upon the exercise of the Warrant Shares."

In connection with this opinion, we have examined the originals, or copies certified or otherwise identified to our satisfaction, of the following: (a) the Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as amended to date; (b) the By-laws of the Company, as amended to date; and (c) the Registration Statement and all exhibits thereto.

In addition to the foregoing, we have relied as to matters of fact upon the representations made by the Company and its representatives and upon representations made by the Selling Stockholders. We also have assumed the genuineness of all signatures on original documents, the authenticity of all documents submitted to us as originals, the conformity to original documents of all documents submitted to us as certified or photostatic copies and the due authorization, execution and delivery of all documents.

Our opinion herein is expressed solely with respect to the federal laws of the United States, the laws of the State of New York, and the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. Our opinion is based on these laws as in effect on the date hereof. We express no opinion as to whether the laws of any other jurisdiction are applicable to the subject matter hereof. We are not rendering any opinion as to compliance with any federal or state law, rule or regulation relating to securities, or to the sale or issuance thereof.

On the basis of the foregoing and in reliance thereon, and subject to the qualifications, limitations, exceptions and assumptions herein stated, we are of the opinion that (i) the Warrants, when issued and paid for pursuant to the terms therein, will be valid and legally binding obligations of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with their terms; and (ii) the Warrant Shares, when issued and paid for in accordance with the Warrants, as applicable, shall be validly issued, fully paid, and non-assessable.

Our opinion set forth above is subject to (a) bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, fraudulent transfer and similar laws affecting the rights and remedies of creditors generally and (b) general principles of equity. Our opinion is also subject to the qualification that the enforceability of provisions for indemnification or contribution, broadly worded waivers, waivers of rights to damages or defenses, waivers of unknown or future claims and waivers of statutory, regulatory or constitutional rights may be limited on public policy or statutory grounds.

This opinion is furnished in connection with the filing of the Registration Statement and may not be relied upon for any other purpose without our prior written consent in each instance. Further, no portion of this opinion may be quoted, circulated or referred to in any other document for any other purpose without our prior written consent.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion with the SEC as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and to the reference to our firm under the caption "Legal Matters" in the prospectus which forms part of the Registration Statement. This opinion is expressed as of the date hereof, and we disclaim any undertaking to advise you of any subsequent changes in the facts stated or assumed herein or of any subsequent changes in applicable law.

Sincerely,

/s/ Robinson Brog Leinwand Greene Genovese & Gluck P.C. Robinson Brog Leinwand Greene Genovese & Gluck P.C.

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM'S CONSENT

We consent to the incorporation by reference in this Registration Statement of Nxt-ID, Inc. on Form S-3 of our report dated April 13, 2017, which includes an explanatory paragraph as to our audit of adjustments to retroactively apply the reverse stock split of the Company's common stock and to reclassify deferred financing costs from other current assets to convertible notes payable on its balance sheet at December 31, 2015 which occurred subsequent to the year ended December 31, 2015, to the 2015 consolidated financial statements which were audited by other auditors, and with respect to our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Nxt-ID, Inc. as of December 31, 2016 and for the year then ended appearing in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Nxt-ID, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2016. We also consent to the reference to our firm under the heading "Experts" in the Prospectus, which is part of this Registration Statement.

/s/ Marcum LLP

Marcum LLP New York, NY January 5, 2018

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors Nxt-ID, Inc.:

We consent to the incorporation by reference of our report dated April 14, 2016 with respect to the consolidated balance sheet of Nxt-ID, Inc. and subsidiary as of December 31, 2015 and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, also incorporated by reference herein, and to the reference to our firm under the heading "Experts" in the Registration Statement on Form S-3.

Our report dated April 14, 2016 contains an explanatory paragraph that states the Company has incurred recurring losses from operations that raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of that uncertainty.

[(signed) KPMG LLP]

Stamford, Connecticut January 5, 2018